Roll No. Total No. of Pages: 03

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Tech.(CE) (2011 Onwards) (Sem.-4)

CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY AND WORKS MANAGEMENT

Subject Code : BTCE-402 Paper ID : [A1172]

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly:

- 1. What are the short comings of bar chart?
- 2. Define Dummy.
- 3. What is meant by the "optimistic time estimate"?
- 4. What is meant by "critical path" in CPM?
- 5. Define the term "cost slope".
- 6. What do you mean by LOB technique?
- 7. Differentiate between independent float and interfering float.
- 8. What is meant by resource smoothing?
- 9. List two advantages of two wheel type tractors.
- 10. What is meant by truck cycle time?

SECTION-B

- 2. What are the principles of planning? Discuss the role of planning at different stages of a project.
- 3. What are the different types of network scheduling? Give examples.
- 4. What are the advantageous and disadvantageous of network analysis over other techniques?
- 5. Prepare the network for a construction project of 12 activities A, B, L, the precedence relationship is as follows:

A and B are performed parallel

A must be performed before C, D and E

F cannot be started before D is finished

G follows C and D

F must be finished before H and I started

E and K precede J

G and I precede K

- L depends on J and K being complete and the project completes when L and B are completed.
- 6. What are Hoisting equipment? Discuss **any two** of the commonly used hoisting equipment.

SECTION-C

7. For the construction of a health centre building the following activities are to be performed:

Activities	Duration (weeks)
P	1
Q	3
R	1
S	3
T	5
U	3
V	4
W	3

Activities P and Q can be performed in parallel; activities R and S cannot start until P is complete: T cannot start until half the work of the activity R is complete; activity U can start only after activity S is complete; activity N succeeds activity R and activity W which is the last activity succeeds T.

- I. Draw the Bar Chart
- II. What is the total completion time of the project? Explain how you can improve upon the limitations of the use of the chart.
- 8. Construct a PERT network of the above project and compute the earliest start time for each activity. What is the probability of completing the project 2 weeks earlier than the expected completion time?
- 9. Write short notes differentiating the following:
 - a) Earliest start time and earliest finish time
 - b) Normal time and Crash time
 - c) Back hoe and bull dozer
 - d) Belt conveyor and aerial ropeways